ROCK SOLID EVIDENCE

Archaeology gives us some rock-solid proof for the Biblical record. Take the account of Nehemiah, for instance. This servant of God, whose book begins in 445 BC, was cupbearer to the Persian king and was allowed to go and rebuild the walls of Jerusalem. He had his friends and his enemies alike – and archaeological evidence shows they were not made up characters in a fairy story!

Take King Artaxerxes, for instance. The Bible says:

"And it came to pass in the month of Nisan, in the twentieth year of King Artaxerxes, when wine was before him, that I took wine and gave it to the king..."

(Nehemiah 2:1).



In the British Museum is a beautiful silver bowl, discovered in 1932, which has an inscription reading: "Artaxerxes, the great king...in whose house this silver drinking cup/saucer was made." So, this king - who was kind to Nehemiah - was real, and the archaeology beautifully matches the Bible record.

But what about Nehemiah's enemies? The same chapter

goes on to say: "But when
Sanballat the Horonite,
Tobiah the Ammonite
official, and Geshem the
Arab heard [of Nehemiah's
plans to rebuild the walls of
Jerusalem], they laughed at
us and despised us..." (v19).

Interestingly **Sanballat's** name appears on a papyrus letter from the Jewish community in Egypt around that time (407BC).



As for **Tobiah**, the famous Lachish Letters (dating to the

6th century BC) have reference to an influential 'Tobiad' family.



Geshem the Arab? Apparently, "His name appears silver on vessel discovered...in Egypt...within approximately 40 years of the events of Nehemiah." So, you see, the Bible was written about real people...and for real people like you and me.

